



Transparency Report

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd

Belgrade, March 2017

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1. Foreword from the Senior Partner & Head of Audit



This 2016 Transparency Report articulates the steps that KPMG d.o.o. Beograd takes to uphold its professional responsibilities and describes the firm's structure, governance and approach to quality control. This fourth annual report shows how we maintain and continuously improve our audit quality processes and provide professional services in full accordance with local expert and ethical standards, as well as international best practice.

In the report, we take the opportunity to provide stakeholders with a succinct description of KPMG's audit quality initiatives and, notably, how we are:

- Building public trust and inspiring confidence in capital markets, by bringing to life our commitment to quality, ethics and integrity through our culture and values.
- Ensuring that our people are extraordinary, by nurturing talent, creating high-performing teams and deploying talented staff globally to help deliver insights and innovative ideas.
- Driving a relentless focus on quality and excellence in our engagements and providing valued insights, so that clients see a difference in us.
- Driving continuous improvement and getting to the root cause of quality issues.

Audit quality, supported by our methodologies and processes, is at the heart of our culture of integrity and our drive for continuous improvement. We are committed to working closely with regulators, audit committees, investors and businesses to meet the expectations of audit quality

Here at KPMG, we know that our professional services, whether financial statement independent audits or our advisory services are crucial to your business success.

We are proud of our history and success at KPMG, and believe that the strength of our professional reputation is the cornerstone of our future. Last year we marked an important milestone – 20 years of doing business in Serbia. We are committed to making a positive contribution to society, supporting the economic development of Serbia. We will continue to inspire confidence and empower change.

We hope this report provides you with a useful insight into our continuing commitment to quality and how we strive to deliver work of the highest standard.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be 'J. Thornley', written in a cursive style.

James Thornley
Senior Partner
KPMG in Serbia

Throughout this document, "KPMG" ("we," "our," and "us") refers to KPMG d.o.o. Beograd. KPMG d.o.o. Beograd is a member firm of the KPMG network of independent firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"). KPMG International, a Swiss entity, provides no client services.

2. KPMG in Serbia

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd traces its origins back in 1996.

In 2001 a subsidiary company **KPMG d.o.o. Podgorica** was established in Montenegro.

Our portfolio of services was further expanded in 2010 with the establishment of **KPMG A.A.S. d.o.o.**

2.1 Our business

Društvo za konsalting i reviziju KPMG d.o.o. Beograd (hereinafter: **KPMG d.o.o. Beograd**) is a professional services firm that delivers Audit, Tax and Advisory services. KPMG d.o.o. Beograd traces its origins back in 1996, and today is one of the largest Audit, Tax and Advisory organizations in the Serbian market. Our firm comprises of more than 250 people, including 9 partners in the year to 31 December 2016.

In 2001 a subsidiary company **KPMG d.o.o. Podgorica** was established in Montenegro, making our services available to clients in that market. Since 2006 the Montenegrin branch operates as a limited liability company.

Our portfolio of services was further expanded in 2010 with the establishment of **KPMG A.A.S. d.o.o.** which provides clients with accounting services, including payroll services, as well as advisory services in the area of accounting.

Our audit services in Serbia are provided only by KPMG d.o.o. Beograd. Details on professional services provided by KPMG d.o.o. Beograd can be found on the Internet site www.kpmg.rs.

2.2 Our strategy

Our strategy is set by the Shareholder's Assembly of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd which includes inputs on policies and professional practices set at a global, regional and national level and has remained consistent for some time. It has determined that our overall ambition remains to be the leader among the multi-disciplinary professional services firms in Serbia.

We are aware that failing to provide the quality of services and deliverables may endanger the objectives defined in our business plan why KPMG d.o.o. Beograd leadership has determined a commitment to quality as our number one priority. In this regard, considerable attention has been focused on ensuring that we deliver the quality service that our clients expect from us, and to continually encourage the importance of quality within our company.

KPMG Belgrade has developed and is implementing Collaboration & Knowledge approach - to harness our knowledge to create and deliver more value for our clients. Our vision is to be the clear choice for our clients, our people and the community. Our strategy is how we will get there.



3. Our Structure and Governance

3.1 Legal Structure

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd is affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative (“KPMG International”). KPMG International is a Swiss cooperative which is a legal entity formed under Swiss law. It is the entity with which all the member firms of the KPMG network are affiliated. Further details about KPMG International and its business, including our relationship with it are available in the [Supplement to 2016 KPMG International Transparency Report](#).

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd is a limited liability company incorporated under the Serbian Company Act. KPMG CEE Holdings Limited, Cyprus („KPMG CEE Holdings“) is the majority member of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd with a 98,4% share. Apart from KPMG CEE Holdings, there are following 8 minority members, partners in KPMG d.o.o. Beograd, each of them with a 0,2% share: Biljana Bujic, Boris Milosevic, Branko Vojnovic, Dusan Tomic, Igor Loncarevic, Ivana Manigodic, James Thornley and Uros Acanski. The Senior Partner as Director of the company and Shareholders' Assembly hold authorizations and competences in accordance with the Company Law of the Republic of Serbia.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd is a member of the Chamber of Certified Auditors of the Republic of Serbia and is registered under number 23.

At the end of FY 2016 KPMG d.o.o. Beograd had an average of 9 partners (2015: 9 partners).

A list of key entities, together with the details of legal structure, regulatory status, the nature of their business and areas of operation is set out in Appendix.

The firm adopts 30 September as its financial year end for reporting to KPMG International and 31 December for local statutory purposes. The fees reported to KPMG International for the financial year under review are disclosed in the financial information section of this report.

3.2 Name, ownership and legal relationships

KPMG is the registered trademark of KPMG International and is the name by which the member firms are commonly known. The rights of member firms to use the KPMG name and marks are contained within agreements with KPMG International.

Member firms are generally locally owned and managed. Each member firm is responsible for its own obligations and liabilities. KPMG International and other member firms are not responsible for a member firm's obligations or liabilities.

Member firms may consist of more than one separate legal entity. If this is the case, each separate legal entity will be responsible only for its own obligations and liabilities, unless it has expressly agreed otherwise.

3.3. Responsibilities and obligations of member firms

Under agreements with KPMG International, member firms are required to comply with KPMG International's policies and regulations including quality standards governing how they operate and how they provide services to clients to compete effectively. This includes having a firm structure that ensures continuity and stability and being able to adopt global strategies, share resources (incoming and outgoing), service multi-national clients, manage risk, and deploy global methodologies and tools.

Each member firm takes responsibility for its management and the quality of its work.

Member firms commit to a common set of KPMG values (see section 4.1).

KPMG International's activities are funded by amounts paid by member firms. The basis for calculating such amounts is approved by the Global Board and consistently applied to the member firms. A firm's status as a KPMG member firm and its participation in the KPMG network may be terminated if, among other things, it has not complied with the policies and regulations set by KPMG International or any of its other obligations owed to KPMG International.

3. Our Structure and Governance

3.4 Governance Structure

National Governance

Consistent with our aspiration to be the most relevant, trusted firm of choice, KPMG applies high standards of corporate governance.

The main company body of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd is Shareholders' Assembly, and the key leadership is represented by Director (who is also Senior Partner).

Comprehensive information on the management structure is available in the Business Registers Agency of the Republic of Serbia (www.apr.gov.rs).

Along with the Director, KPMG d.o.o. Beograd also has a procurator and other lawmakers who represent the company in certain legal matters and with certain limitations, but together they are responsible for long-term growth and sustainability of the firm.

Our Senior Partner

The Senior Partner is responsible for leading the firm's management and ensuring that all members receive accurate, timely and clear information and ensuring effective communication and relationships with the members at large. Our Senior Partner is James Thornley who assumed this position in October 2012.

The firm management is responsible to manage the firm within the framework of prudent and effective controls, define the firm's strategy and monitor its fulfilment as well to manage the operations in accordance with the core values, standards and processes of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd. The management meets from time to time to undertake certain statutory duties for KPMG d.o.o. Beograd (including approving the annual accounts and the transparency report). Full details of those charged with governance for KPMG d.o.o. Beograd, including their biographies are set out in Appendix.



4. System of Quality Control

A robust and consistent system of quality control is an essential requirement in performing high-quality services.

Accordingly, KPMG International has quality control policies that apply to all member firms. These are included in KPMG's Global Quality & Risk Management Manual (Global Q&RM Manual) available to all personnel.

These policies and associated procedures are designed to guide member firms in complying with relevant professional standards, regulatory and legal requirements, and in issuing reports that are appropriate in the circumstances.

These policies and procedures are based on the International Standard on Quality Control 1 (ISQC 1) issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB), and on the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA). Both of these are relevant to firms that perform statutory audits and other assurance and related services engagements.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd KPMG d.o.o. Beograd implements KPMG International policies and procedures and adopts additional policies and procedures that are designed to address rules and standards as defined under the Law on Auditing of the Republic of Serbia, issued by Chamber of Certified Auditors of the Republic of Serbia and other relevant regulators as well as applicable legal and other requirements.

KPMG International's policies reflect individual quality control elements to help our personnel act with integrity and objectivity, perform their work with diligence, and comply with applicable laws, regulations, and professional standards. Amendments to risk and quality policies, including ethics and independence policies, are communicated by email alerts from KPMG International and included in quality and risk communications.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd KPMG d.o.o. Beograd is required to implement changes specified in the email alerts and this is checked through internal monitoring.

Quality control and risk management are the responsibility of all KPMG d.o.o. Beograd KPMG d.o.o. Beograd personnel. This responsibility includes the need to understand and adhere to firm policies and associated procedures in carrying out their day-to-day activities.

The system of quality control applies to KPMG personnel. While many KPMG's quality control processes are cross-functional, and apply equally to tax and advisory work, the remainder of this section focuses on the delivery of quality audits.

Audit quality framework

At KPMG d.o.o. Beograd audit quality is not just about reaching the right opinion, but how that opinion is reached. It is about the processes, thought and integrity behind the audit report. We view the outcome of a quality audit as the delivery of an appropriate and independent opinion in compliance with the auditing standards. This means, above all, being independent, and compliant with relevant legal and professional requirements.

4. System of Quality Control (continued)

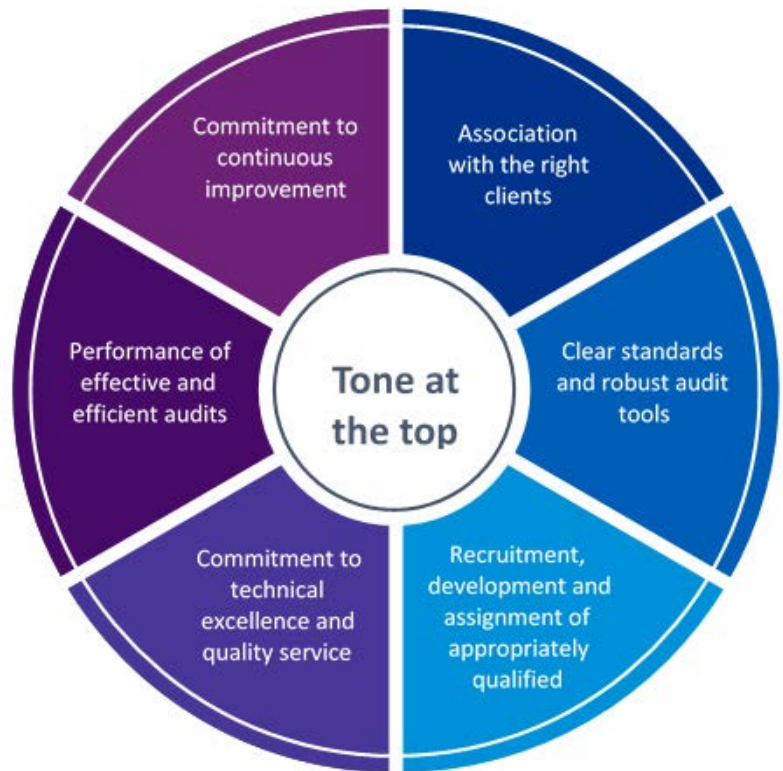
To help all audit professionals concentrate on the fundamental skills and behaviors required to deliver an appropriate and independent opinion, KPMG International utilizes the Audit Quality Framework. This framework uses a common language that is used by all KPMG member firms to describe what we believe drives audit quality, and to highlight how every audit professional at KPMG contributes to the delivery of audit quality.

The Audit Quality Framework identifies seven drivers of audit quality:

1. Tone at the top
2. Association with the right clients
3. Clear standards and robust audit tools
4. Recruitment, development and assignment of appropriately qualified personnel
5. Commitment to technical excellence and quality service delivery
6. Performance of effective and efficient audits
7. Commitment to continuous improvement.

'Tone at the top' sits at the core of the Audit Quality Framework's seven drivers of audit quality and helps ensure that the right behaviors permeate across the entire KPMG network.

All of the other drivers are presented within a virtuous circle because each driver is intended to reinforce the others. Each of the seven drivers is described in more detail in the following sections of this report.



4.1 Tone at the top – the foundation of audit quality

The culture of KPMG International and the member firms is underpinned by a strong set of values and supporting policies and processes and enables the right attitudes and behaviors to permeate throughout the KPMG network, starting from the very top. We promote a culture in which consultation is encouraged and recognized as a strength.

Tone at the top means that KPMG d.o.o. Beograd leadership demonstrates commitment to quality, ethics and integrity and communicates its commitment to clients, stakeholders, and society at large.

Integrity is a critical characteristic that stakeholders expect and rely on. It is also the key KPMG Value: “Above all, we act with integrity”. Integrity means constantly striving to uphold the highest professional standards, providing sound good-quality advice to our clients and rigorously maintaining independence.

Our Values, which have been explicitly codified for a number of years, are embedded into working practices and values-based compliance culture at KPMG d.o.o. Beograd. Individuals are encouraged to raise their concerns when they see behaviors or actions that are inconsistent with our values or professional responsibilities. Our Values are considered in the performance appraisal process that our people follow and adherence to these Values is also reviewed when our people are considered for more senior promotions, including to Partner. Our Values are set out in Appendix A.4.

Code of conduct

KPMG International’s Code of Conduct incorporates our Values and defines the standards of ethical conduct that is required from all KPMG people. It sets out our ethical principles and helps partners and employees at KPMG d.o.o. Beograd to understand and uphold those principles. In addition, the Code of Conduct emphasizes that each partner and employee is personally responsible for following the legal, professional, and ethical standards that apply to his or her job function and level of responsibility. It has provisions that require our people to:

- comply with all applicable laws, regulations and KPMG d.o.o. Beograd policies
- report any illegal acts, whether committed by KPMG d.o.o. Beograd personnel, clients or other third parties
- report breaches of risk management policies
- uphold the highest levels of client confidentiality
- not offer, promise, make, solicit or accept bribes (whether directly or through an intermediary).

In addition, the [KPMG International hotline](#) is a vehicle for KPMG partners, employees, clients and other parties to confidentially report concerns they have relating to certain areas of activity by KPMG International itself, its employees or the senior leadership of a KPMG member firm.

4.1.1 Leadership responsibilities for quality and risk management

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd demonstrates commitment to quality, ethics and integrity, and communicate their focus on quality to clients, stakeholders and society. However, leadership plays a critical role in setting the right tone and leading by example.

Our leadership team is committed to building a culture based on quality, integrity and ethics, demonstrated through their actions - written and video communications, presentations to teams and one-to-one discussions.

The following individuals have leadership responsibilities for quality and risk management at KPMG d.o.o. Beograd.

Senior Partner

In accordance with the principles in ISQC 1, James Thornley, our Senior Partner has assumed ultimate responsibility for KPMG d.o.o. Beograd system of quality control. Details of some of the measures that he and the rest of the Board have taken to ensure that a culture of quality prevails within KPMG d.o.o. Beograd are set out in section A.2.

4.1 Tone at the top – the foundation of audit quality

(continued)

National Risk Management Partner

Operational responsibility for the system of quality control, risk management and compliance in KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has been delegated to the National Risk Management Partner who is responsible for:

- setting overall professional risk management and quality control policies and monitoring compliance for firm.
- implementation and monitoring of the fulfilment of the requirements in accordance with the global and local policies and procedures in the area of risk management in the firm (including all other associated entities), which aim at improving quality control and compliance with laws, regulations, and professional standards;
- identifying, managing, mitigating, monitoring and reporting on risks and issues related to quality control, and if necessary consults with the appointed Area Quality and Risk Management Leaders or the resources responsible for risk management and quality control at the global level;
- understanding the requirements arising from the ISQC 1 principles, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants and KPMG Global Quality & Risk Management Manual, including their application, explanatory material, and the ultimate goal.

Risk Management Partner has a direct reporting line to the senior partner.

The National Risk Management Partner is supported by a team of partners and professionals in each of the functions.

Quality & Risk Management Department

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has the Quality & Risk Management Department whose primary responsibility is to:

- recommend to the firm leadership and then formally announce, implement and maintain a sound system of risk oversight, management and internal control which identifies, assesses, manages and monitors risk;
- promote a business culture that is based on the highest standards of ethical behavior required of all partners, employees, clients and contractors and encourage observance of those standards.

The Q&RM Department also considers the impact of the key findings from our monitoring of the quality compliance programs and proposes appropriate corrective measures.

The Quality and Risk Management Department consists of Risk Management Partner, Ethics & Independence Partner, Senior Manager and Assistant.

The Audit, Tax and Advisory functions – Function Heads

The three heads of the client service functions (Audit, Tax and Advisory) are accountable to the senior partner for the quality of service delivered in their respective functions. Between them, they determine the operation of the risk management, quality assurance and monitoring procedures for their specific functions within the framework set by the National Risk Management Partner. These procedures make it clear that at the engagement level, risk management and quality control is ultimately the responsibility of all professionals.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd Head of Audit is responsible for leading a sustainable high-quality Audit practice that is attractive to KPMG people. This includes:

- setting the right 'tone at the top' by demonstrating an unwavering commitment to the highest standards of professional excellence, including skepticism, objectivity, and independence
- developing and implementing strategies to monitor and maintain knowledge and skills required of partners and employees to fulfill their professional responsibilities
- working with the Risk Management Partner to monitor and address audit quality and risk matters as they relate to the Audit practice, including an annual evaluation of activities considered to be key to audit quality.

4.1 Tone at the top - the foundation of audit quality

(continued)

Audit Leadership Team

The Audit Leadership Team met on a biweekly basis during the year 2016 and these meetings included regular discussions about current and emerging audit quality issues arising from external and internal quality review processes, queries being raised by engagement teams, root cause analysis procedures and other quality matters identified from a variety of sources. These were debated, other observations collected from client-facing teams were considered and actions agreed. Typically, most of these actions are short term, in which case they are developed and communicated through the regular technical briefings issued to the whole Audit function and also, if considered of sufficient magnitude, in the next mandatory training. For more complex issues (which might require amendments to KPMG's global audit methodology or audit tools) these will be raised with Global Audit for consideration and potential development by the Global Services Centre (GSC) and International Standards Group (ISG).

Audit Quality Council

In addition to these regular meetings, within the Audit function our Audit Quality Council considered matters relating to maintaining and improving audit quality. During the year, the Audit Quality Council comprised four people. The Audit Quality Council met four times during the year 2016, and considered the detailed findings (and related actions) from external regulatory reviews, the internal Quality Performance Review program and other quality control programs, as well as papers on a range of issues designed to allow us to challenge ourselves in various aspects of audit quality and improvement.



4.2 Association with the right clients

4.2.1 Acceptance and continuance of clients and engagements

Rigorous client and engagement acceptance and continuance policies and processes help protect KPMG's reputation, support our brand and are an important part to our ability to provide high-quality professional services.

Accordingly, KPMG International has established policies and procedures which all member firms are required to implement in order to decide whether to accept or continue a client relationship, and whether to perform a specific engagement for that client.

4.2.2 Prospective client and engagement evaluation process

Before accepting a client, KPMG d.o.o. Beograd undertakes an evaluation of a prospective client.

This involves an assessment of the prospective client's principals, its business and other service-related matters. This also involves background checks on the prospective client, its key management and significant beneficial owners. A key focus is on the integrity of management at a prospective client, and the evaluation considers breaches of law and regulation, anti-bribery and corruption, and human rights among the factors to consider. A second partner, as well as the evaluating partner, approves each prospective client evaluation. Where the client is considered to be 'high risk' the Risk Management Partner or delegate is involved in approving the evaluation.

The prospective engagement partner evaluates each prospective engagement, in practice this may be completed at the same time as the client evaluation, particularly in respect of audit appointments. The evaluation identifies potential risks in relation to the engagement. A range of factors are considered as part of this evaluation, including potential independence and conflict of interest issues (using Sentinel™, KPMG's conflicts and independence checking system) as well as factors specific to the type of engagement, including for audit services, the competence of the client's financial management team and the skills and experience of personnel assigned to staff the engagement. The evaluation is made in consultation with other senior personnel and includes review by quality and risk management leadership as required.

Where audit services are to be provided for the first time, the prospective engagement team is required to perform additional independence evaluation procedures, including a review of any non-audit services provided to the client and of other relevant relationships.

Similar independence evaluations are performed when an existing audit client becomes a public interest entity or additional independence restrictions apply following a change in the circumstances of the client.

We follow specific procedures (detailed further in section 4.3.2.7 Independence clearance process) to identify and evaluate threats to independence for prospective audit clients that are public interest entities.

Depending on the overall risk assessment of the prospective client and engagement, additional safeguards may be introduced to help mitigate the identified risks. Any potential independence or conflict of interest issues are documented and resolved prior to acceptance.

A prospective client or engagement will be declined if a potential independence or conflict issue cannot be resolved satisfactorily in accordance with professional and firm standards, or if there are other quality and risk issues that cannot be appropriately mitigated.

4.2.3 Continuance process

An annual re-evaluation of all KPMG d.o.o. Beograd audit clients and audit engagements is undertaken. In addition, clients are re-evaluated earlier if there is an indication that there may be a change in their risk profile. Recurring or long running engagements are also subject to re-evaluation.

This re-evaluation serves two purposes. Firstly, we will decline to continue to act for any client we consider it would not be appropriate to continue to be associated with. Secondly, and more commonly, we use the re-evaluation process to consider whether or not any additional risk management or quality control procedures need to be put in place for the subsequent engagement we perform for that client (this may include the assignment of additional professionals such as an EQC reviewer or the need to involve additional specialists on the audit).

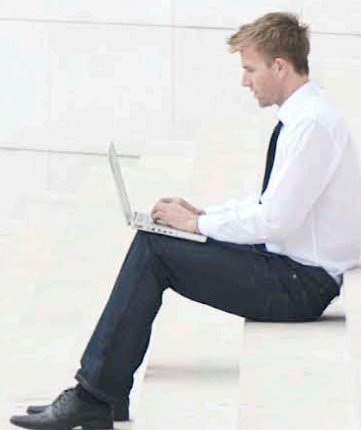
4.2 Association with the right clients (continued)

4.2.4 Withdrawal

Where we obtain information that indicates that we should withdraw from an engagement or from a client relationship, we consult internally and identify any required legal and regulatory steps. We also communicate as required with those charged with governance and any other appropriate authority.

4.2.5 Client portfolio management

Our leadership appoints engagement partners who have the appropriate competence, capabilities, time and authority to perform the role for each engagement.



4.3 Clear standards and robust audit tools

All our professionals are expected to adhere to KPMG International and KPMG d.o.o. Beograd policies and procedures (including independence policies) and are provided with a range of tools and guidance to support them in meeting these expectations. The policies and procedures set for audit engagements incorporate the relevant requirements of accounting, auditing, ethical and quality control standards, and other relevant laws and regulations.

4.3.1 Audit methodology and tools

Significant resources are dedicated to keeping our standards and tools complete and up to date. KPMG International's global audit methodology, developed by the Global Service Centre (GSC), is based on the requirements of the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). The methodology is set out in KPMG International's Audit Methodology (KAM) and includes additional requirements that go beyond the ISAs, which KPMG International believes enhance the quality of audit. KPMG member firms may add local requirements and/or guidance in KAM to comply with additional professional, legal, or regulatory requirements.

Our audit methodology is supported by eAudit, KPMG International's electronic audit tool, which provides KPMG d.o.o. Beograd auditors with the methodology, guidance, and industry knowledge needed to perform high-quality audits.

eAudit's activity-based workflow provides engagement teams with ready access to relevant information at the right time throughout the audit, thereby enhancing effectiveness and efficiency and delivering value to stakeholders. The key activities within the eAudit workflow are:

Engagement setup

- perform engagement acceptance and scoping
- determine team selection and timetable

Risk assessment

- understand the entity
- plan for involvement of our specialists and external experts, internal audit, service organizations and other auditors as required
- evaluate design and implementation of relevant controls
- conduct risk assessment and planning discussion
- determine audit strategy and planned audit approach.

Testing

- test operating effectiveness of selected controls;
- plan and perform substantive procedures;

Completion

- update risk assessment;
- perform completion procedures, including overall review of financial statements;
- perform overall evaluation, including evaluation of significant findings and issues;

- communicate with those charged with governance (e.g., the audit committee); and
- form the audit opinion.

KAM contains examples and guidance for , among other things, procedures intended to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement and procedures to respond to those assessed risks. The KPMG methodology encourages engagement teams to exercise professional skepticism in all aspects of planning and performing an audit.

Our methodology encourages use of specialists when appropriate, and also requires involvement of relevant specialists in the core audit engagement team when certain criteria are met or where the audit team considers it appropriate or necessary.

KAM includes the implementation of quality control procedures at the engagement level that provide us with reasonable assurance that engagements comply with the relevant professional, legal, regulatory and KPMG International requirements.

The policies and procedures set out in KAM are specific to audits and supplement the policies and procedures set out in the Global Q&RM Manual that is applicable to all KPMG member firms, functions and personnel.

4.3 Clear standards and robust audit tools

(continued)

4.3.2 Independence, integrity, ethics and objectivity

Overview

KPMG International have detailed independence policies and procedures, incorporating the requirements of the IESBA Code of Ethics. These are set out in KPMG's Global Q&RM Manual. Automated tools facilitate compliance with these requirements.

These policies are supplemented by other processes to ensure compliance with the standards issued by Chamber of Certified Auditors of the Republic of Serbia and the Securities Commission of the Republic of Serbia.

These policies and processes cover areas such as firm independence (covering, for example, treasury and procurement functions), personal independence, firm financial relationships, post-employment relationships, partner rotation and approval of audit and non-audit services.

To help ensure ethical conduct, including integrity and independence, KPMG International requires that each member firm, and its personnel, must be free from prohibited financial interests in, and prohibited relationships with, the audit clients, their management, directors and significant owners.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has a designated Ethics and Independence Partner (EIP) who has primary responsibility for the direction and execution of ethics and independence policies and procedures. Member firms' EIPs are supported by the Global Independence Group. The Partner-in-Charge of the Global Independence Group is supported by a core team of specialists to help ensure that implement robust and consistent independence policies, procedures and tools are implemented.

Amendments to KPMG International's ethics and independence policies in the course of the year are communicated by email alerts and included in regular quality and risk communications. Member firms are required to implement changes as specified in the email alerts, and this is checked through the internal monitoring programs described in 4.7.1.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd personnel are required to consult with the EIP on certain matters as defined in the Global Q&RM Manual.

In the event of failure to comply with the our independence policies, professionals are subject to an independence disciplinary policy. Matters arising are factored into promotion and compensation decisions and performance discussions.

The disciplinary policy is communicated to all professionals and applies to all breaches of independence rules, incorporating incremental sanctions reflecting the seriousness of any violations. [Our Ethics Committee oversees policies and procedures in relation to ethical matters and breaches of requirements].

Personal financial independence

KPMG International policy extends the IESBA Code of Ethics restrictions on ownership of audit client securities to every member firm partner in respect of any audit client of any member firm.

Each member firm and its professionals must be free from prohibited financial interests in, and prohibited relationships with, KPMG's audit clients, their management, directors, and significant owners.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd professionals are responsible for making appropriate inquiries and taking other appropriate actions on an ongoing basis to ensure that they do not have any personal financial, business or family interests that are restricted for independence purposes.

In common with other member firms of KPMG International, we use a web-based independence compliance system (KICS) to assist our professionals in their compliance with personal independence investment policies. This system contains an inventory of publicly available investment products.

4.3 Clear standards and robust audit tools

(continued)

Partners and all client-facing staff who are manager grade or above are required to use the KICS system prior to entering into an investment to identify whether they are permitted to do so. They are also required to maintain a record of all of their investments in KICS, which automatically notifies them if their investments subsequently become restricted and they must dispose of that investment within 5 business days of the notification. We monitor Partner and manager compliance with this requirement as part of our program of independence compliance audits of a sample of professionals.

In 2016 20 of our people were subject to these audits including three out of nine partners (approximately 33%).

Employment relationships

Any professional providing services to an audit client irrespective of function is required to notify our EIP if they intend to enter into employment negotiations with that audit client. For partners, this requirement extends to any audit client of any KPMG member firm that is a public interest entity.

Former members of the audit team or former partners of a member firm are prohibited from joining an audit client in certain roles unless they have disassociated from the member firm financially and have ceased participating in KPMG d.o.o. Beograd insert name business or professional activities.

Key audit partners and members of the chain of command for an audit client that is a public interest entity are subject to time restrictions (referred to as 'cooling-off' periods) that preclude them from joining that client in certain roles until a defined period of time has passed.

We communicate and monitor requirements in relation to employment of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd professionals by audit clients.

Firm financial independence

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd also use KICS to record their own investments in SEC entities and affiliates (including funds), locally listed companies and funds, direct and material indirect investments held in pension, and employee benefit plans (including non-public entities and funds).

Additionally, we are required to record in the system all borrowing and capital financing relationships, and custodial, trust and brokerage accounts that hold member firm assets.

On an annual basis, KPMG d.o.o. Beograd confirms compliance with independence requirements as part of the Risk Compliance Program.

Business relationships/suppliers

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has policies and procedures in place that are designed to ensure their business relationships are maintained in accordance with the IESBA Code of Ethics and other applicable independence requirements.

Business acquisitions, admissions and investments

If KPMG d.o.o. Beograd is in the process of considering the acquisition of, or investment in, a business, we are required to perform sufficient due diligence procedures on the prospective target to identify and address any potential independence and risk management issues prior to closing the transaction. Specific consultation requirements are applied to enable independence and other issues to be addressed when integrating the business into KPMG d.o.o. Beograd and the network.

Independence clearance process

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd follows specific procedures to identify and evaluate threats to independence related to prospective audit clients that are public interest entities; these procedures, also referred to as 'the independence clearance process,' must be completed prior to accepting an audit engagement for these entities.

Independence training and confirmations

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd provide all relevant personnel (including all Partners and client service professionals) with independence training that is appropriate to their grade and function on an annual basis. New personnel who are required to complete this training must do so by the earlier of (a) thirty days after joining KPMG d.o.o. Beograd or (b) before providing any services to and SEC client or its affiliates.

4.3 Clear standards and robust audit tools

(continued)

We also provide all personnel with training on the Code of Conduct and ethical behavior, including KPMG's anti-bribery policies, compliance with laws, regulations, and professional standards, and reporting suspected or actual non-compliance with laws, regulations, professional standards, and KPMG's policies on a biennial basis. New personnel are required to complete this training within 3 months of joining the firm.

Upon acceptance of employment, all KPMG personnel are required to confirm that they are in compliance with, and will abide by applicable ethics and independence rules and policies. Thereafter, all KPMG personnel are required to sign an annual confirmation stating that they have remained in compliance with applicable ethics and independence policies throughout the year covered by the confirmation.

In addition, all KPMG personnel are required to confirm their understanding of, and compliance with, the applicable Code of Conduct upon joining their member firm and on an annual basis thereafter. This confirmation is used to evidence the individual's compliance with and understanding of our independence policies.

Non-audit services

We have policies, which are consistent with IESBA principles and applicable laws and regulations, which address the scope of services that can be provided to audit clients.

We establish and maintain a process to review and approve all new and modified services that are developed by the KPMG d.o.o. Beograd or adopted from another member firm. The EIP is involved in the review of potential independence issues, and the Global Independence Group is involved in the case of services developed for global adoption.

In addition to identifying potential conflicts of interest, KPMG International's proprietary system, Sentinel™, facilitates compliance with these policies. Certain information on all prospective engagements that includes service descriptions and fees must be entered into Sentinel™ as part of the engagement acceptance process. Using Sentinel™ lead audit engagement partners are required to: maintain group structures for their publicly traded and certain other audit clients as well as their affiliates, and identify and evaluate any independence threats that may arise from the provision of a proposed non-audit service and the safeguards available to address those threats. Sentinel™ enables lead audit engagement partners for entities for which group structures are maintained, to review and approve, or deny, any proposed service for those entities worldwide.

Fee dependency

KPMG International's policies recognize that self-interest or intimidation threats may arise when the total fees from an audit client represent a large proportion of the total fees of the operating firm expressing the audit opinion.

In particular, KPMG International's policies require that in the event that the total fees from a public interest entity audit client and its related entities were to represent more than 10 percent of the total fees received by a particular member firm for two consecutive years:

- This would be disclosed to those charged with governance at the audit entity
- A Senior Partner from another KPMG member firm would be appointed as the Engagement Quality Control (EQC) reviewer.

No audit client accounted for more than 10 percent of the total fees received by KPMG d.o.o. Beograd over the last two years.

Conflicts of interest

Conflicts of interest can arise in situations where KPMG personnel have a personal connection with the client which may interfere, or be perceived to interfere, with their ability to remain objective, or where they are personally in possession of confidential information relating to another party to a transaction. Consultation with the Risk Management Partner or the Ethics and Independence Partner is required in these situations.

All KPMG member firms and personnel are responsible for identifying and managing conflicts of interest, which are circumstances or situations that have, or may be perceived by a fully informed, reasonable observer, to have an impact on a member firm or its personnel in their ability to be objective or otherwise act without bias.

4.3 Clear standards and robust audit tools

(continued)

Sentinel™ is the tool all KPMG member firms use for potential conflict identification so that these can be addressed in accordance with legal and professional requirements.

It may be necessary to apply specific procedures to manage the potential for a conflict of interest to arise, or be perceived to arise, so that the confidentiality of all clients' affairs is maintained. Such procedures may, for example, include establishing formal dividers between engagement teams serving different clients, and making arrangements to monitor the operation of such dividers.

Escalation and dispute resolution procedures are in place for situations in which agreement cannot be reached on how to manage a conflict. If a potential conflict issue cannot be appropriately mitigated, the engagement is declined or terminated.

Breaches of independence policy

All KPMG personnel are required to report an independence breach as soon as they become aware of it. In the event of failure to comply with the our independence policies, whether identified in the compliance review, self-declared or otherwise, professionals are subject to an independence disciplinary policy.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has a documented disciplinary policy in relation to breaches of independence policies. The disciplinary policy is communicated to all professionals and applies to all breaches of independence rules, incorporating incremental sanctions reflecting the seriousness of any violations.

Any breaches of auditor independence regulations are reported to those charged with governance at the audit client, on the basis agreed with them.

Matters arising are factored into promotion and compensation decisions and, in the case of engagement leaders and managers, are reflected in their individual quality and risk metrics.

Compliance with laws, regulations, and anti-bribery and corruption

Compliance with laws, regulation and standards is a key aspect for all KPMG d.o.o. Beograd personnel. In particular, KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has zero tolerance of bribery and corruption.

We prohibit involvement in any type of bribery — even if such conduct is legal or permitted under applicable law or local practice. We also do not tolerate bribery by third-parties, including by our clients, suppliers or public officials.

Accordingly, training covering compliance with laws (including those relating to anti-bribery and corruption), regulations, professional standards, and the KPMG Code of Conduct is required to be completed by client-facing professionals at a minimum of once every two years, with new hires completing such training within 3 months of joining KPMG d.o.o. Beograd. In addition, certain non-client-facing personnel who work in finance, procurement or sales and marketing departments, and who are at the manager level and above, are also required to participate in anti-bribery training.

Further information on KPMG International anti-bribery and corruption can be found on the [anti-bribery and corruption site](#).

Partner and firm rotation

Partner rotation

KPMG International rotation policies are consistent with the IESBA Code of Ethics and require our firm to comply with any stricter applicable rotation requirements.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd partners are subject to periodic rotation of their responsibilities for audit clients under applicable laws, regulations, independence rules and KPMG International policy. These requirements place limits on the number of consecutive years that partners in certain roles may provide statutory audit services to a client, followed by a 'time-out' period during which time these partners may not participate in the audit, provide quality control for the audit, consult with the engagement team or the client regarding technical or industry-specific issues or in any way influence the outcome of the audit.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd monitors the rotation of audit engagement leaders (and any other key roles, such as the Key Audit Partner and EQC Reviewer, where there is a rotation requirement) and develop transition plans to enable allocation of partners with the necessary competence and capability to deliver a consistent quality of service to clients. The partner rotation monitoring is subject to compliance testing.

4.4 Recruitment, development and assignment of appropriately qualified personnel

One of the key drivers of quality is ensuring that KPMG professionals have the skills and experience to deliver on our vision. This requires recruitment, promotion and retention of professionals and a robust capacity and resource management processes.

KPMG's global behaviors, which are linked to our Values, are designed to help articulate what is required for success – both individually and collectively. One of KPMG's global behaviors is 'Delivering Quality'.

4.4.1 Recruitment

All candidates submit an application and are employed following a variety of selection processes, which include application screening and competency-based interviews.

We recruited 80 new people in the year ended 30 September 2016. (2015: approximately 86).

Our recruiting strategies are focused on drawing entry-level talent from a broad talent base, including working with established universities, colleges and business schools.

We also recruit significant numbers at an experienced hire and partner level.

Upon joining our firm, new personnel are required to participate in a comprehensive on-boarding program, which includes training in various areas, including ethics and independence. This also includes ensuring that any issues of independence or conflicts of interest are addressed before the individual can commence as a partner or employee with the firm.

4.4.2 Personal development

It is important that all our professionals have the necessary business and leadership skills to be able to perform quality work in addition to technical skills (see section 4.5.1).

In relation to audit, opportunities are provided for professionals to develop the skills, behaviors, and personal qualities that form the foundations of a successful career in auditing. Courses are available to enhance personal effectiveness and develop technical, leadership, and business skills. We further develop our personnel for high performance through coaching and mentoring on the job, stretch assignments, and country rotational and global mobility opportunities. In addition we focus on continuous feedback providing to all staff.

4.4.3 Inclusion and Diversity programs

We work hard to foster an inclusive culture. Being inclusive enables us to bring together successful teams with the broadest range of skills, experiences and perspectives.

Our established Global Inclusion and Diversity strategy provides the framework to drive the actions we believe are necessary to promote inclusive leadership across the KPMG network.

4.4.4 Evaluation, compensation and promotion

All professionals, including partners, undergo annual goal-setting and performance reviews. Each professional is evaluated on their agreed-upon goals, demonstration of our global behaviors, technical capabilities and market knowledge. Partners and certain professionals are also evaluated on key quality and compliance metrics. These evaluations are conducted by performance managers and partners who are in a position to assess their performance and propose a performance rating.

KPMG is committed to the career development of its people. To support this, the Global People, Performance, and Culture group has designed global behaviours framework which is being adopted in member firms around the world. This framework, combined with development initiatives in areas such as coaching and mentoring, will support our people in enhancing their skills, maximizing their performance, and reaching their full ultimate potential.

Compensation and promotion

KPMG has compensation and promotion policies that are clear, simple, and linked to the performance evaluation process, which for partners includes the achievement of key audit quality and compliance metrics. This helps our partners and employees know what is expected of them, and what they can expect to receive in return.

4.4 Recruitment, development and assignment of appropriately qualified personnel (continued)

We monitor quality and compliance incidents and maintain quality metrics for the purposes of partner assignments and also for the purposes of partner evaluation, promotion and remuneration.

KPMG's policy prohibits audit partners from being evaluated on or compensated based on their success in selling non-assurance services to audit clients.

4.4.5 Partner admissions

Our process for admission to partnership is rigorous and thorough, involving appropriate members of leadership. Our criteria for admission to the partnership are consistent with our commitment to professionalism and integrity, quality, and being an employer of choice. These are strongly aligned to KPMG's behavioral capabilities and are based on consistent principles.

4.4.6 Assignment of professionals

We have procedures in place to assign both the engagement partners and other professionals to a specific engagement on the basis of their skill sets, relevant professional and industry experience, and the nature of the assignment or engagement.

Function heads are responsible for the partner assignment process. Key considerations include partner experience and capacity - based on an annual partner portfolio review - to perform the engagement in view of the size, complexity and risk profile of the engagement and the type of support to be provided (i.e. the engagement team composition and specialist involvement).

Audit engagement partners are required to be satisfied that their engagement teams have appropriate competencies, accreditation and capabilities, including time, to perform audit engagements in accordance with KAM, professional standards, and applicable legal and regulatory requirements. This may include involving specialists from our own firm or other KPMG member firms.

When considering the appropriate competence and capabilities expected of the engagement team as a whole, the engagement partner's considerations may include the following:

- an understanding of, and practical experience with, audit engagements of a similar nature and complexity through appropriate training and participation
- an understanding of professional standards and legal and regulatory requirements
- appropriate technical skills, including those related to relevant information technology and specialized areas of accounting or auditing
- knowledge of relevant industries in which the client operates;
- ability to apply professional judgment
- an understanding of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd's quality control policies and procedures
- QPR results and results of regulatory inspections.

4.4.7 Employee engagement

Biannually we invite all our people to participate in an independent Global People Survey (GPS) which measures our people's attitudes and provides an overall Employee Engagement Index (EEI) and Performance Excellence Index (PEI). The GPS also provides insights about what drives engagement across different demographic groups and how we are faring in selected categories. In alternate years we run a short form Pulse survey.

The results of GPS provide leadership with information about employee/partner perceptions about audit quality, tone at the top, and employee engagement and motivation; helping track progress against strategic priorities as well as providing warning indicators if there are areas of concern.

We monitor results and take appropriate actions to communicate and respond to the findings of the survey.

This includes monitoring GPS results against agreed targets relevant to:

- audit quality and tone at the top - referred to in the GPS as 'leadership behavior'
- employee engagement through the Employee Engagement Index (EEI)
- employee performance through the Performance Excellence Index (PEI).

The results of the GPS are presented to Leadership each year and appropriate follow-up actions agreed.

4.5 Commitment to technical excellence and quality service delivery

All KPMG d.o.o. Beograd professionals are provided with the technical training and support they need. This includes access to networks of specialists and professional practice departments, which are made up of senior professionals with extensive experience in audit, reporting and risk management, either to provide resources to the engagement team or for consultation.

At the same time, audit accreditation and licensing policies require professionals to have the appropriate knowledge and experience for their assigned engagements.

4.5.1 Professional training

In addition to personal development discussed, our policies require all professionals to maintain their technical competence and to comply with applicable regulatory and professional development requirements.

Formal training

Audit Learning and Development steering groups at global, regional and, where applicable, KPMG d.o.o. Beograd identify annual training priorities for development and delivery using a blend of classroom, e-learning and virtual classroom methods. Audit Learning and Development teams work with subject matter experts and leaders from GSC, the ISG and DPP, as appropriate, to ensure the training is of the highest quality, is relevant to performance on the job and is delivered on a timely basis.

Mentoring and on the job training

Learning is not confined to the classroom — rich learning experiences are available at the moment of need through coaching and just-in-time learning, available at the click of a mouse and aligned with job specific role profiles and learning paths. All classroom courses are reinforced with appropriate performance support to assist auditors on the job.

4.5.2 Accreditation and licensing

All KPMG professionals are required to comply with applicable professional license rules and satisfy the Continuing Professional Development (CPD) requirements in the jurisdiction where they practice. Policies and procedures are designed to ensure that those individuals that require a license to undertake their work are appropriately licensed.

We are responsible for ensuring that audit professionals working on engagements have appropriate audit, accounting and industry knowledge, and experience in the local predominant financial reporting framework.

In addition, we have specific requirements for partners and managers working on IFRS engagements in countries where IFRS is not the predominant financial reporting framework. Similar policies apply for US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (US GAAP), US Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (US GAAS), and the Standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) for SEC and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (ICOFR) engagements performed outside the US. These require that the partner, manager, and EQC reviewer have completed relevant training and that the engagement team, collectively, has sufficient experience to perform the engagement or has implemented appropriate safeguards to address any shortfalls.

4.5 Commitment to technical excellence and quality service delivery (continued)

4.5.3 Access to specialist networks

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd engagement teams have access to a network of local KPMG specialists as well as specialists in other KPMG member firms. Engagement partners are responsible for ensuring that their engagement teams have the appropriate resources and skills.

The need for specialists (e.g. Information Technology, Tax, Treasury, Actuarial, Forensic, Valuation) to be assigned to a specific audit engagement is considered as part of the audit engagement acceptance and continuance process. Specialists who are members of an audit team are provided with training on audit concepts.

4.5.4 Consultations

We promote a culture in which consultation is recognized as a strength and that encourages personnel to consult on difficult or contentious matters. To assist audit engagement professionals in addressing difficult or contentious matters, protocols have been established for consultation and documentation of significant accounting and auditing matters, including procedures to facilitate resolution of differences of opinion on engagement issues.

Appropriate consultation support is provided to audit engagement professionals through professional practice resources that include a Department of Professional Practice (DPP) or equivalent.

Technical accounting and auditing support is available to all member firms through the GSC and the ISG as well as the US Capital Markets Group for SEC foreign registrants.

Global Services Centre (GSC)

The GSC develops, maintains and deploys KPMG's global audit methodology and technology-based tools used by KPMG audit professionals to facilitate effective and efficient

Audits. It also provides auditing support, with emphasis on global quality and consistency.

International Standards Group (ISG)

The ISG works with Global IFRS and ISAs topic teams with geographic representation from around the world to promote consistency of interpretation of IFRS between member firms, identify emerging issues, and develop global guidance on a timely basis.

Further details about the GSC and ISG and its activities are available in the [supplement to the KPMG International Transparency Report](#).

4.5.5 Developing business understanding and industry knowledge

A key part of quality is having a detailed understanding of the client's business and industry.

For significant industries, global audit sector leads are appointed to support the development of relevant industry information, which is made available to audit professionals within eAudit. This knowledge comprises examples of industry audit procedures and other information (such as typical risks and accounting processes). In addition, industry overviews are available which provide general and business information in respect of particular industries, as well as a summary of the industry knowledge provided in eAudit.

4.6 Performance of high-quality audits

How an audit is conducted is as important as the final result. Employees of KPMG d.o.o., Beograd are expected to demonstrate certain key behaviors and follow certain policies and procedures in the performance of effective and efficient audits.

4.6.1 KPMG Audit process

Our audit workflow is enabled through eAudit, KPMG International's activity based workflow and electronic audit file. eAudit integrates our audit methodology, guidance and industry knowledge, and the tools needed to manage audits consistently. Our high-quality audit process includes:

- timely partner and manager involvement
- timely access to the right knowledge – specialists, accredited individuals and relevant industry expertise
- critical assessment of audit evidence— exercise of professional judgment and professional skepticism
- ongoing mentoring, supervision, and review
- appropriately supported and documented conclusions
- robust challenge and review, including EQC review.

Timely partner and manager involvement

To help identify and respond to the significant audit risks applicable to each audit, the engagement team requires an understanding of the client's business, its financial position, and the environment in which it operates.

The engagement partner is responsible for the overall quality of the audit engagement and therefore for the direction, supervision and performance of the engagement.

Involvement and leadership from the engagement partner during the planning process and early in the audit process helps set the appropriate scope and tone for the audit, and helps the engagement team obtain maximum benefit from the partner's experience and skill. Timely involvement of the engagement partner at other stages of the engagement allows the engagement partner to identify and appropriately address matters significant to the engagement, including critical areas of judgment, and significant risks.

The engagement partner is responsible for the final audit opinion and reviews key audit documentation – in particular, documentation relating to significant matters arising during the audit and conclusions reached. The engagement manager assists the partner in meeting these responsibilities and in the day-to-day liaison with the client and team, building a deep business understanding that helps the partner and team deliver valued insights.

Critical assessment of audit evidence with emphasis on professional skepticism

We consider all audit evidence obtained during the course of the audit, including consideration of contradictory or inconsistent audit evidence. The nature and extent of the audit evidence we gather is responsive to the assessed risks.

We critically assess audit evidence obtained from all sources. For the purpose of obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence each team member is required to exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit engagement.

Professional skepticism involves a questioning mind and alertness to contradictions or inconsistencies in audit evidence. Professional skepticism features prominently throughout auditing standards and receives significant focus from regulators. The KPMG Audit Quality Framework emphasizes the importance of maintaining an attitude of professional skepticism throughout the audit.

KPMG professional judgment process facilitates good judgment by introducing a structured approach to auditing areas that require significant judgment. It also reinforces the importance of independence and objectivity and emphasizes the importance of having the right mindset - the need to apply professional skepticism.

Our professional judgment process recognizes the need to be aware of, and alert to, biases which may pose threats to good judgment. The structured approach to auditing areas that require significant judgment involves:

- considering alternatives
- critically assessing audit evidence by challenging management's assumptions and following up contradictory or inconsistent information
- documenting the rationale for conclusions reached on a timely basis as a means of evaluating their completeness and appropriateness.

4.6 Performance of high-quality audits (continued)

The use of the professional judgment process and the application of professional skepticism is reinforced through coaching and training, acknowledging that judgment is a skill developed over time and with different experiences.

Ongoing mentoring, supervision and review

We understand that skills build over time and through exposure to different experiences. To invest in the building of skills and capabilities of KPMG professionals, without compromising on quality, KPMG d.o.o., Beograd promotes a continuous learning environment and supports a coaching culture.

Ongoing mentoring and supervision during an audit involves:

- engagement partner participation in planning discussions
- tracking the progress of the audit engagement
- considering the competence and capabilities of the individual members of the engagement team, including whether they have sufficient time to carry out their work, whether they understand their instructions, and whether the work is being carried out in accordance with the planned approach to the engagement
- helping engagement team members address any significant matters that arise during the audit and modifying the planned approach appropriately
- identifying matters for consultation with more experienced team members during the engagement.

A key part of effective mentoring and supervision is timely review of the work performed so that significant matters are promptly identified, discussed and addressed.

Appropriately supported and documented conclusions

KPMG d.o.o. , Beograd uses the KAM and KPMG International's electronic audit tool, eAudIT, to provide guidance, mechanisms for and documentation of, the supervision and control of the audit engagement. Audit documentation records the audit procedures performed, evidence obtained and conclusions reached on significant matters on each audit engagement. KPMG policies require review of documentation by more experienced engagement team members.

KAM recognizes that documentation prepared on a timely basis helps to enhance the quality of the audit and facilitates the effective review and evaluation of the audit evidence obtained and conclusions reached before our report is finalized. Teams are required to assemble a complete and final set of audit documentation for retention within an appropriate time period, which is ordinarily not more than 60 calendar days from the date of the auditors' report but may be more restrictive under certain applicable regulations.

The key principle that engagement team members are required to consider is whether an experienced auditor, having no previous connection with the engagement, will understand:

- the nature, timing, and extent of audit procedures performed to comply with the ISAs and KAM
- applicable legal and regulatory requirements
- the results of the procedures performed, and the audit evidence obtained
- significant findings and issues arising during the audit, and actions taken to address them (including additional audit evidence obtained)
- the basis for the conclusions reached, and significant professional judgments made in reaching those conclusions.

Appropriate involvement of the EQC reviewer

EQC reviewers are independent of the engagement team and have appropriate experience and knowledge to perform an objective review of the more critical decisions and judgments made by the engagement team and the appropriateness of the financial statements.

4.6 Performance of high-quality audits (continued)

An EQC reviewer is required to be appointed for the audits, including any related review(s) of interim financial information of all listed entities, non-listed entities with a high public profile, engagements that require an EQC review under applicable laws or regulations, and other engagements as designated by the risk management partner or country head of audit.

The EQC review takes place before the date of the auditor's report and includes, among other matters:

- review of selected audit documentation relating to significant judgments the engagement team made and the conclusions it reached;
- review of the financial statements and proposed auditor's report; and
- evaluation of the conclusions reached in formulating the auditors' report and consideration of whether the proposed report is appropriate.

Although the engagement partner is ultimately responsible for the resolution of financial reporting and auditing matters, the EQC reviewer must be satisfied that all significant questions raised have been resolved before an audit can be considered to be completed.

KPMG d.o.o., Beograd is continually seeking to strengthen and improve the role that the EQC reviewer plays in audits, as this is a fundamental part of the system of audit quality control. In recent years, a number of actions have been taken to reinforce this, including:

- issuing leading practices guidance focusing on reviewer competencies and capabilities and on ongoing support provided to EQC reviewers

- incorporating specific procedures in eAudit to facilitate effective reviews
- implementing policies relating to recognition, nomination and development of EQC reviewers, as well as monitoring and assessing the nature, timing and extent of their involvement.

Reporting

Auditing standards, the Law on Auditing of the Republic of Serbia, by-laws of the National Bank of Serbia and the Securities Commission of the Republic of Serbia, largely dictate the format and content of the audit report that includes an opinion on the fair presentation of the client's financial statements in all material respects. Experienced engagement partners form all audit opinions based on the audit performed.

In preparing audit reports, engagement partners have access to extensive reporting guidance and technical support to audit partners through consultations with Department for professional practice ("DPP"), especially where there are significant matters to be reported to users of the audit report, either as a qualification to the audit report or through the inclusion of an emphasis of matter paragraph.

Insightful, open, and honest two-way communication

Two-way communication with those charged with governance, often identified as the audit committee, is key to audit quality and a key aspect of reporting and service delivery.

At KPMG d.o.o., Beograd we stress the importance of keeping those charged with governance informed of issues arising throughout the audit, the need to listen and understand their views. We achieve this through a combination of reports and presentations, attendance at audit committee or board meetings, and, when appropriate, ongoing informal discussions with management and members of the audit committee.

Communications with audit committees include:

- an overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, which includes communicating significant risks identified
- significant findings from the audit which may include control deficiencies and audit misstatements
- an annual written communication that states the engagement team and KPMG has complied with relevant independence requirements; describes all relationships and other matters between KPMG and the audit client that, in our professional judgment, may reasonably be thought to bear on independence; and states related safeguards we have applied to eliminate (or reduce to an acceptable level) identified threats to independence.

We ensure such communications meet the requirements of professional standards.

4.6 Performance of high-quality audits (continued)

Audit Committee Institute

In recognition of the demanding and important role that audit committees play for the capital markets and also of the challenges that they face in meeting their responsibilities, our [Audit Committee Institute \(ACI\)](#) aims to help audit committee members enhance their commitment and ability to implement effective audit committee processes. The ACI operates in 35 countries across the globe and provides audit committee members with authoritative guidance on matters of interest to audit committees as well as the opportunity to network with their peers during an extensive program of technical updates and awareness seminars.

The ACI's offerings cover the array of challenges facing Audit Committees and businesses today — from risk management and emerging technologies to strategy and global compliance.

Focus on effectiveness of group audits

Our audit methodology, KAM, covers the conduct of group audits in detail. We stress the importance of effective two-way communication between the group engagement team and the component auditors, which is a key to audit quality. The group audit engagement partner is required to evaluate the competence of component auditors, whether or not they are KPMG member firms, as part of the engagement acceptance process.

Consistent methodology and tools are used across the KPMG network. Lead audit engagement partners are provided with information on component auditors within the KPMG network to help them evaluate their competence and capabilities. In addition, for PCAOB engagements, the results of relevant inspections related to the KPMG component member firms are made available to the lead audit engagement partner.

Lead audit engagement partners may review component auditor engagement documentation in person or obtain electronic access.

4.6.2 Client confidentiality, information security, and data privacy

The importance of maintaining client confidentiality is emphasized through a variety of mechanisms including the Code of Conduct, training, and the annual affidavit/confirmation process, that all of our professionals are required to complete.

We have a formal document retention policy concerning the retention period for audit documentation and other records relevant to an engagement in accordance with the relevant IESBA requirements as well as other applicable local laws, standards and regulations.

We have clear policies on information security that cover a wide range of areas. Data Privacy policies are in place governing the handling of personal information, and associated training is required for all KPMG personnel. KPMG d.o.o. Beograd adheres to the requirements under the local legislation, in particular to the Law on personal data protection.

4.7 Commitment to continuous improvement

We commit to continually improve the quality, consistency and efficiency of our audits.

Integrated quality monitoring and compliance programs enable member firms to identify quality deficiencies, to perform root cause analysis and develop, implement and report remedial action plans both in respect of individual audit engagements and the member firm's system of quality control. KPMG

Internationals's integrated quality and monitoring programs include the Quality Performance Review (QPR) program, the Risk Compliance Program (RCP) and the Global Compliance Review (GCR) program.

The quality monitoring and compliance programs are globally administered and consistent in their approach across member firms, including the nature and extent of testing and reporting. KPMG d.o.o. Beograd compares the results of internal monitoring programs with the results of those of any external inspection programs and take appropriate action.

4.7.1 Internal monitoring and compliance programs

Our monitoring programs evaluate both:

- engagement performance in compliance with the applicable standards, applicable laws and regulation and KPMG International policies and procedures
- KPMG d.o.o. Beograd compliance with KPMG International policies and procedures and the relevance, adequacy and effective operation of key quality control policies and procedures.

The results and lessons from the integrated monitoring programs are communicated internally, and the overall results and lessons from the programs are considered and appropriate action is taken at local, regional and global levels. Our internal monitoring program also contributes to the assessment of whether our system of quality control has been appropriately designed, effectively implemented, and operates effectively .

Two KPMG International developed and administered inspection programs are conducted annually across the Audit, Tax, and Advisory functions: QPR and RCP.

Additionally, all member firms are covered at least every 3 years by the cross functional GCR program. Participation in QPR, RCP and GCR is a condition of ongoing membership of the KPMG network .

Audit Quality Performance Reviews (QPRs)

The QPR program assesses engagement level performance and identifies opportunities to improve engagement quality.

Risk-based approach

Each engagement leader is reviewed at least once in a 3 year cycle. A risk-based approach is used to select engagements.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd conducts the annual QPR program in accordance with global QPR instructions. The reviews are performed at KPMG d.o.o. Beograd level and are monitored regionally and globally. Member firm Audit QPR reviews are overseen by a senior experienced lead reviewer independent from the member firm.

Reviewer selection, preparation and process

There are robust criteria for selection of reviewers. Review teams include senior experienced lead reviewers that are independent of the member firm under review.

Training is provided to review teams and others overseeing the process, with a focus on topics of concern identified by audit oversight regulators and the need to be as rigorous as external reviewers.

Evaluations from Audit QPR

Consistent criteria are used to determine engagement ratings and member firm Audit practice evaluations.

Audit engagements selected for review are rated as 'Satisfactory', 'Performance Improvement Needed' or 'Unsatisfactory'.

Reporting

Findings from the QPR program are disseminated to member firm professionals through written communications, internal training tools, and periodic partner, manager and staff meetings.

These areas are also emphasized in subsequent inspection programs to gauge the extent of continuous improvement.

Lead audit engagement partners are notified of less than satisfactory engagement ratings on their respective cross-border engagements. Additionally, lead audit engagement partners of parent companies/head offices are notified where a subsidiary/affiliate of their client group is audited by a member firm where significant quality issues have been identified during the QPR.

4.7 Commitment to continuous improvement

(continued)

Risk Compliance Program (RCP)

KPMG International develops and maintains quality control policies and processes that apply to all member firms. These policies and processes, and their related procedures, include the requirements of ISQC 1. During the annual RCP, we perform a robust assessment program consisting of documentation of quality controls and procedures, related compliance testing and reporting of exceptions, action plans and conclusions.

The objectives of the RCP are to:

- monitor, document and assess the extent of compliance of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd system of quality control with Global Quality & Risk Management policies and key legal and regulatory requirements relating to the delivery of professional services
- provide the basis for KPMG d.o.o. Beograd to evaluate that the firm and its personnel comply with relevant professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Where deficiencies are identified, we are required to develop appropriate action plans.

Global Compliance Review (GCR) program

Each member firm is subject to a GCR conducted by the global GCR team, independent of the member firm, at least once in a 3 year cycle.

The GCR provides independent oversight of our assessment of our system of quality control, including:

- our commitment to quality and risk management (tone at the top) and the extent to which the overall structure, governance and financing support and reinforce this commitment
- the completeness and robustness of our RCP.

The GCR team performing the reviews is independent of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd, objective and knowledgeable of Global Quality and Risk Management policies.

We develop action plans to respond to all GCR findings and agree these with the GCR team. Our progress on action plans is monitored by a global GCR central team. Results are reported to the Global Quality & Risk Management Steering Group (GQRMSG), and where necessary to appropriate KPMG International and regional leadership, to ensure timely remedial actions.

Root cause Analysis (RCA)

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd performs root cause analysis to identify and address audit quality issues in order to prevent them from recurring and help identify good practices as part of continuous improvement. [In 2016, RCA training based on our Global RCA 5 Step Principles was attended by those individuals at KPMG d.o.o. Beograd who will be performing RCA or directing those performing RCA. The training provides a common platform for advancing the practices and skills associated with resourcing, planning and conducting RCA.]

The Global RCA 5 Step Principles are as follows:



4.7 Commitment to continuous improvement

(continued)

It is the responsibility of member firms to perform RCA and thereby identify and subsequently develop appropriate remediation plans for the audit quality issues identified.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd Head of Audit is responsible for the development and implementation of action plans as a results of RCA including identification of solution owners. The Risk Management Partner monitors their implementation.

4.7.2 Recommendations for improvements

At a global level, through the GAQIC and the GQRMSG, KPMG International reviews the results of the quality monitoring programs, analyzes member firm root causes and action plans and develops additional global actions as required.

The GAQIC considers network-wide issues arising from internal quality control reviews and external inspections, monitors progress being made in addressing audit quality issues and makes recommendations to the GASG on audit quality issues.

Global remediation plans to date include holistic actions aimed at culture and behavior and at driving consistent engagement team performance. The global actions also include training, tools and guidance to drive consistency, ensure we have the fundamentals right and that best practice is shared across the network.

4.7.3 External feedback and dialogue

Regulators

The Law on Auditing enacted in Serbia in 2013, inter alia, includes the establishment of an efficient quality assurance system and public oversight processes over the auditing profession in Serbia. Quality assurance of the work of auditing firms, independent auditors and certified auditors are conducted by the Chamber of Certified Auditors (hereinafter Chamber). According to the requirements of the Law on Auditing, public oversight has been entrusted to the Audit Public Oversight Committee which is an individual and independent body conducting oversight of the Chamber's work, of the work of auditing firms, of independent auditors and certified auditors.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd was subject to quality control inspection of the Chamber in October 2014.

The external inspection did not identify any issues that have a material impact on the conduct of our statutory audit business.

At an international level, KPMG International has regular two-way communication with the International Forum of Independent Audit Regulators (IFIAR) to discuss audit quality findings and actions taken to address such issues at a network level.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd cooperates with the Chamber of Certified Auditors of the Republic of Serbia on all relevant matters relating to the provision of audit services and compliance with the requirements in accordance with the applicable international and local regulations, and participates actively in the work of certain bodies of the Chamber.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has regular communication with the National Bank of Serbia on matters relating to the audit of the financial statements of the financial institutions. Through its cooperation with all relevant regulatory authorities of the Republic of Serbia, KPMG d.o.o. Beograd demonstrates its readiness and commitment to help improving the quality of audit in the Republic of Serbia and the implementation of all regulatory requirements.

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd is obliged to report on an annual basis to Securities Commission of the Republic of Serbia in the matters of transparency and provision of audit and non-audit services to public interest entities and their related parties.

Client feedback

We proactively seek feedback from clients through in-person conversations and third-party surveys to monitor their satisfaction with services delivered. We endeavor to take this feedback and make dynamic changes at both the engagement level and firm level to meet clients' needs.

Monitoring of complaints

We have procedures in place for monitoring and addressing complaints received relating to the quality of our work. These procedures are detailed in our General Terms of Business that are component part of each and every contract when we are engaged to provide professional audit, tax and advisory services.

Other assessments of audit quality

N/A

5. Financial Information

Overview of the total revenues of the Company for consulting and auditing KPMG d.o.o. Beograd in fiscal year 2016:

Revenues	RSD
Total revenues	1,614,563,126.84
Audit revenues	570,059,387.99
- Statutory Audit	281,509,950.95
- Other audit services	288,549,437.04
Consulting revenues	1,044,503,738.85
- Tax	417,172,786.27
- Advisory	627,330,952.58

For the fiscal year 2016 the Company for consulting and auditing KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has achieved operating revenues from services in the amount of RSD 1,614,563,126.84.

Revenues from the financial statement audits are stated in the amount of RSD 570,059,387.99, which is 35% of the total operating revenues generated by the Company from the sale of services, while service revenues from tax consulting and other non-audit services are presented in the amount of RSD 1,044,503,738.85 representing 65% of the total operating revenues from services in the respective year.

6. Partner Remuneration

At the beginning of each financial year the key audit partners receive allocations of income and the level of internal competences they have to take care of, which is also formalized through internal MyPD document.

Based on these objectives, the expected profitability of the entire audit firm as well as the years of experience as a partner and/or director in the audit firm, the key audit partner is given the "target level of annual income."

The key audit partners receive the major part of this "target level of annual income" in the form of regular fixed monthly salary, while a variable element is determined at the end of the financial year, taking into account the actual level of income, the quality of the performed work, as evidenced by KPMG wide quality review programs, and the overall profitability of the entire firm.

Earnings of the partners in Audit function do not take into account the level of their specific success in selling non-audit services to their audit clients.



7. KPMG network arrangements

7.1 Legal Structure

The independent member firms of the KPMG network are affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative which is a legal entity formed under Swiss law.

KPMG International carries on business activities for the overall benefit of the KPMG network of member firms but does not provide professional services to clients. Professional services to clients are exclusively provided by member firms.

One of the main purposes of KPMG International is to facilitate the provision by member firms of high quality Audit, Tax, and Advisory services to their clients. For example, KPMG International establishes and facilitates the implementation and maintenance of uniform policies and standards of work and conduct by member firms, and protects and enhances the use of the KPMG name and brand.

KPMG International is an entity that is legally separate from each member firm. KPMG International and the member firms are not a global partnership, joint venture, or in a principal or agent relationship or partnership with each other. No member firm has any authority to obligate or bind KPMG International or any other member firm vis-à-vis third parties, nor does KPMG International have any such authority to obligate or bind any member firms.

More information about the KPMG network can be found in the [2016 International Annual Review Report](#).

7.2 Responsibilities and obligations of member firms

Under agreements with KPMG International, member firms are required to comply with KPMG International's policies and regulations including quality standards governing how they operate and how they provide services to clients to compete effectively. This includes having a firm structure that ensures continuity and stability and being able to adopt global and regional strategies, share resources (incoming and outgoing), service multinational clients, manage risk, and deploy global methodologies and tools.

Each member firm takes responsibility for its management and the quality of its work. Member firms commit to a common set of KPMG values

KPMG International's activities are funded by amounts paid by member firms. The basis for calculating such amounts is approved by the Global Board and consistently applied to the member firms. A firm's status as a KPMG member firm and its participation in the KPMG network may be terminated if, among other things, it has not complied with the policies and regulations set by KPMG International or any of its other obligations owed to KPMG International.

7.3 Professional Indemnity Insurance

A substantial level of insurance cover is maintained in respect of professional negligence claims. The cover provides a territorial coverage on a worldwide basis and is principally written through a captive insurer that is available to all KPMG member firms.

7.4 Governance Structure

The key governance and management bodies of KPMG International are the Global Council, the Global Board, and the Global Management Team.

Global Council

The Global Council focuses on high-level governance tasks and provides a forum for open discussion and communication among member firms. It performs functions equivalent to a shareholders' meeting (albeit that KPMG International has no share capital and, therefore, only has members, not shareholders). Among other things, the Global Council elects the Global Chairman and also approves the appointment of Global Board members. It includes representation from 58 member firms that are "members" of KPMG International as a matter of Swiss law. Sublicensees are generally indirectly represented by a member.

7. KPMG network arrangements (continued)

Global Board

The Global Board is the principal governance and oversight body of KPMG International. The key responsibilities of the Global Board include approving strategy, protecting and enhancing the KPMG brand, overseeing management of KPMG International, and approving policies and regulations. It also admits member firms and ratifies the Global Chairman's appointment of the Global Deputy Chairman.

The Global Board includes the Global Chairman, the Global Deputy Chairman, the Chairman of each of the 3 regions (the Americas; Asia Pacific (ASPAC); and Europe, the Middle East, and Africa (EMA)) and a number of senior partners of member firms.

It is led by the Global Chairman, who is supported by the Executive Committee, consisting of the Global Chairman, the Global Deputy Chairman, the Chairman of each of the regions and currently four other senior partners of member firms. The list of Global Board members, as at 1 October 2016 is available in the International Annual Review.

One of the other Global Board members is elected as the lead director by those Global Board members who are not also members of the Executive Committee of the Global Board ("non-executive" members). A key role of the lead director is to act as liaison between the Global Chairman and the "non-executive" Global Board members.

Global Management Team

The Global Board has delegated certain responsibilities to the Global Management Team. These responsibilities include developing global strategy by working together with the Executive Committee. The Global Management Team also supports the member firms in their execution of the global strategy and is responsible for holding them accountable for commitments.

It is led by the Global Deputy Chairman and includes the Global Chairman, the Global Chief Operating Officer, global function and infrastructure heads, and the General Counsel.

The list of Global Management Team members as at 1 October 2016 is available in the International Annual Review.

Global Steering Groups

The Global Steering Groups work closely with regional and member firm leadership to:

- establish and communicate appropriate audit and quality/risk management policies;
- enable effective and efficient risk processes to promote audit quality;
- proactively identify and mitigate critical risks to the network.

The Global Steering Groups act under the oversight of the Global Management Team. The roles of the Global Audit Steering Group and the Global Quality & Risk Management Steering Group are detailed in the KPMG International Transparency Report.

Each member firm is part of one of 3 regions (the Americas, ASPAC, and EMA). Each region has a Regional Board comprising a regional chairman, regional chief operating or executive officer, representation from any sub-regions, and other members as appropriate. Each Regional Board focuses specifically on the needs of member firms within their region and assists in the implementation of KPMG International's policies and processes within the region.

Further details about KPMG International including the governance arrangements, can be found in its [2016 Transparency Report](#).

7.5 Area Quality & Risk Management Leaders

KPMG International has a network of Area Quality & Risk Management Leaders (ARLs), reporting to the Global Vice Chair – Quality, Risk and Regulatory. The ARLs are members of the Global Quality & Risk Management Steering Group and each ARL performs a monitoring function over a group of member firms. Their role is to enhance the KPMG network's ability to proactively monitor quality and risk management across member firms.

8. Statement by the Board of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd on effectiveness of quality controls and independence

The measures and procedures that serve as the basis for the system of quality control for KPMG d.o.o. Beograd outlined in this report aim to provide a reasonable degree of assurance that the statutory audits carried out by our firm comply with the applicable laws and regulations. Because of its inherent limitations, the system of quality controls is not intended to provide absolute assurance that non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations would be prevented or detected.

The Board of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd has considered:

- the design and operation of the quality control systems as described in this report;
- the findings from the various compliance programs operated by our firm (including the KPMG International Review Programs as described in section 4.7.1 and our local compliance monitoring programs); and
- findings from regulatory inspections and subsequent follow up and/or remedial actions.

Taking all of this evidence together, the Board of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd confirms with a reasonable level of assurance that the systems of quality control within our firm have operated effectively in the year to 30 September 2016.

Further, the Board of KPMG d.o.o. Beograd confirms that an internal review of independence compliance within our firm has been conducted in the year to 30 September 2016.

Belgrade, 2 March 2017



James Thornley
Senior Partner



Appendices

A.1 Key legal entities and areas of operation

Name of Entity	Legal Structure	Regulatory Status	Nature of Business	Area of Operation
KPMG d.o.o. Beograd	Limited Liability Company	Active business entity	Audit, Tax and Advisory	Republic of Serbia
KPMG AAS d.o.o. Beograd	Limited Liability Company	Active business entity	Bookkeeping and payroll services	Republic of Serbia
KPMG d.o.o. Podgorica	Limited Liability Company	Active business entity	Audit, Tax and Advisory	Montenegro

A.2 Details of those charged with governance at KPMG d.o.o. Beograd

Audit Partners



JAMES THORNLEY

Senior Partner i Head of Audit

James Thornley is the Senior Partner and Head of Audit. He has 26 years of professional experience including the past 19 years in KPMG of which 13 years are with KPMG Serbia and Montenegro. James holds international and domestic professional qualifications (member of ICAEW and KOR Serbia).



IVANA MANIGODIĆ

Ivana Manigodic is the Audit Partner, Head of Commercial Audit. She has 20 years of professional experience in KPMG Serbia and Montenegro. Ivana holds international and domestic professional qualifications (member of ACCA and KOR Serbia).



BRANKO VOJNOVIĆ

Branko Vojnovic is the Audit Partner, Head of Montenegro and Public Sector, and the Risk Management Partner. He has 17 years of professional experience in KPMG including last 10 years with KPMG Serbia and Montenegro. Branko holds international and domestic professional qualifications (member of ICAO, KOR Serbia and IAA Montenegro).



DUŠAN TOMIĆ

Dusan Tomic is a Partner, Head of Financial Services (Audit and Advisory). He has 14 years of professional experience in KPMG Serbia and Montenegro. Dusan holds international and domestic professional qualifications (member of ACCA and KOR Serbia).

A.2 Details of those charged with governance at KPMG d.o.o. Beograd (continued)

Advisory Partners



BORIS MILOŠEVIĆ

Boris Milosevic is the Finance Partner and Head of Advisory. He has 19 years of professional experience including the last 16 years in KPMG Serbia and Montenegro. Boris holds international and domestic professional qualifications (member of ACCA, KOR Serbia and IAA Montenegro).



UROŠ AČANSKI

Uros Acanski is a Partner in Advisory Sector. He has 12 years of professional experience in KPMG Serbia and Montenegro. Uros holds international professional qualification (member of ACCA).

Tax Advisory Partners



IGOR LONČAREVIĆ

Igor Loncarevic is the Partner and Head of Tax. He has 14 years of professional experience in KPMG Serbia and Montenegro. Igor is member of International Fiscal Association and Serbian Fiscal Society.



BILJANA BUJIĆ

Biljana Bujic is the Tax Partner. She has 18 years of professional experience including the last 12 years in KPMG Serbia and Montenegro. Biljana is a member of International Fiscal Association and founding member of the Serbian Fiscal Society (branch of IFA).

Markets



ANA DRAŠKOVIĆ

Ana Draskovic is a Partner and Head of Markets. She has 18 years of professional experience, including the past 3 years with KPMG. Ana holds international and domestic professional qualifications. She is in charge of business development, for designing of marketing and PR strategy.

A.3 Public Interest Entities

During the previous fiscal year 2016 KPMG d.o.o. Beograd performed the statutory audit of financial statements for the year 2015 of the following public interest entities:

Publicly Listed Entities

Auto kuća Kompresor a.d. Beograd
Autoprevoz a.d. Čačak
Beogradska pekarska industrija a.d. Beograd
British American Tobacco a.d. Vranje
Fabrika šecera Crvenka a.d. Crvenka
Fabrika šecera Šajkaška a.d. Žabalj
Fabrika šecera TE-TO a.d. Senta
Halkbank a.d. Beograd
Imlek a.d. Beograd
Industrija skroba Jabuka a.d. Pančevo
Industrijske nekretnine a.d. Beograd
Interservis a.d. Futog
Kačarevo a.d. Kačarevo
Kavim Raška a.d. Raška
Keramika-Holding a.d. Beograd
Konzern Bambi a.d. Požarevac
Kozara a.d. Banatsko Veliko Selo
Leskovački sajam a.d. Leskovac
Linde Gas Srbija a.d. Bečej
Livnica Kikinda a.d. Kikinda
Luka Beograd a.d. Beograd
Lukoil Srbija a.d. Beograd
Messer Tehnogas a.d. Beograd
Nacional a.d. Beograd
Napredak a.d. Stara Pazova
Novosadska fabrika kabela a.d. Novi Sad
Podunavlje a.d. Čelarevo
Poljoprivredna korporacija Beograd a.d. Padinska Skela
Sojaprotein a.d. Bečej
SP Laboratorija a.d. Bečej
Valjaonica bakra a.d. Sevojno
Veterinarski zavod Subotica a.d. Subotica
Vino Župa a.d. Aleksandrovac

A.3 Public Interest Entities (continued)

Other Public Interest Entities (Large Entities)

A&P d.o.o. Beograd
Adidas Serbia d.o.o. Beograd
Air Serbia a.d. Beograd
Almex d.o.o. Pančevo
Alpha Bank Srbija a.d. Beograd
AS neživotno osiguranje a.d.o. Beograd
ATB Sever d.o.o. Subotica
Banca Intesa a.d. Beograd
Carlsberg Srbija d.o.o. Čelarevo
Centrosinergija d.o.o. Beograd
Comtrade Distribution d.o.o. Beograd
Delta Agrar d.o.o. Beograd
Delta DMD d.o.o. Beograd
Delta Sport d.o.o. Beograd
Don Don d.o.o. Beograd
EFT Trade d.o.o. Beograd
Elektromreža Srbije JP Beograd
Elixir Zorka - Mineralna đubriva d.o.o. Šabac
Fresenius Medical Care Srbija d.o.o. Vršac
Futura plus d.o.o. Beograd
Grawe osiguranje a.d.o. Beograd
Henkel Srbija d.o.o. Beograd
Heta Leasing d.o.o. Beograd
Hypo Alpe-Adria-Bank a.d. Beograd
Intesa Leasing d.o.o. Beograd
Joker Games d.o.o. Beograd
Knjaz Miloš a.d. Aranđelovac
KomBank Invest a.d. Beograd Društvo za upravljanje investicionim fondom
 KomBank In Fond Otvoreni investicioni fond
 KomBank Novčani fond
 KomBank Devizni fond
Lilly Drogerie d.o.o. Beograd
Livnica Kikinda Automobilska industrija d.o.o. Kikinda
Marbo Product d.o.o. Beograd
Merkur osiguranje a.d.o. Beograd
Metro Cash & Carry d.o.o. Beograd
Millennium Team d.o.o. Beograd
Mondelez d.o.o. Beograd
Narodna banka Srbije
Nestle Adriatic S d.o.o. Beograd
Opportunity banka a.d. Novi Sad
Peštan d.o.o. Bukovik
ProCredit Bank a.d. Beograd
ProCredit Leasing d.o.o. Beograd

A.3 Public Interest Entities (continued)

Other Public Interest Entities (Large Entities)

Raiffeisen banka a.d. Beograd
Raiffeisen Future a.d. Beograd Društvo za upravljanje dobrovoljnim penzijskim fondom
 Raiffeisen Future Dobrovoljni penzijski fond
 Raiffeisen Euro Future Dobrovoljni penzijski fond
Raiffeisen Invest a.d. Beograd Društvo za upravljanje investicionim fondovima
 Raiffeisen World Otvoreni investicioni fond
 Raiffeisen Cash Otvoreni investicioni fond
 Raiffeisen Euro Cash Otvoreni investicioni fond
Raiffeisen Leasing d.o.o. Beograd
Real Knitting d.o.o. Gajdobra
Roaming Electronics d.o.o. Beograd
SBB d.o.o. Beograd
Strauss Adriatic d.o.o. Šimanovci
Štampa sistem d.o.o. Beograd
Tarkett d.o.o. Bačka Palanka
Tehnomanija d.o.o. Beograd
Telekom Srbija a.d. Beograd
Terna S.A. Ogranak Terna S.A. Serbia, Beograd
Veletabak d.o.o. Novi Sad
Victoria Logistic d.o.o. Novi Sad
Victoriaoil a.d. Šid
Wiener RE akcionarsko društvo za reosiguranje Beograd
Wiener Stadtische osiguranje a.d.o. Beograd
Yuhor-Export a.d. Jagodina

A.4 KPMG's Values

KPMG people work together to deliver value to clients. We believe strongly in a common set of shared values which guide our behavior when dealing with both clients and each other:

We lead by example

At all levels we act in a way that exemplifies what we expect of each other and our clients.

We work together

We bring out the best in each other and create strong and successful working relationships.

We respect the individual

We respect people for who they are and for their knowledge, skills, and experience as individuals and team members.

We seek the facts and provide insight

By challenging assumptions and pursuing facts, we strengthen our reputation as trusted and objective business advisers.

We are open and honest in our communication

We share information, insight, and advice frequently and constructively and manage tough situations with courage and candor.

We are committed to our communities

We act as responsible corporate citizens by broadening our skills, experience, and perspectives through work in our communities and protecting the environment.

Above all, we act with INTEGRITY

We are constantly striving to uphold the highest professional standards, provide sound advice and rigorously maintain our independence.





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